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NCR Corporation Docket No. 8378.00

Assistant Commissioner for Patents Washington, D.C. 20231

JAN 11 2000



Sir:

Transmitted herewith for filing is the patent application of Inventor(s): Robert J. Tramontano

DATA WAREHOUSE APPLICATIONS FOR For: **NETWORKS OF SELF-SERVICE MACHINES**

Enclosed are also:

X 3 Sheet(s) of Drawings

An assignment of the invention to NCR Corporation

A certified copy of an application

CLAIMS AS FILED

FOR	Number Filed		Number Extra		Rate		Basic Fee (\$690)
Total Claims	35	-20 =	15	X	\$ 18	=	\$ 270
Independent Claims	3	-3 =	0	X	\$ 78	=	\$ 0
Multiple Dependent Claims	0			X	\$260	=	\$ 0
			Total Filing Fee			=	\$ 960

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Respectfully,

Attorney for: Robert J. Tramontano

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SPECIFICATION

To all whom it may concern:

Be It Known, That I, Robert J. Tramontano, of Bucks, UK, have invented certain new and useful improvements in DATA WAREHOUSE APPLICATIONS FOR NETWORKS OF SELF-SERVICE MACHINES, of which I declare the following to be a full, clear and exact description:

<u>DATA WAREHOUSE APPLICATIONS FOR</u> <u>NETWORKS OF SELF-SERVICE MACHINES</u>

Background of the Invention

1. <u>Field of the Invention</u>

The present invention relates to systems and methods of data warehousing applications, and in particular to data warehouse applications for networks of self-service machines (SSMs).

2. <u>Description of the Related Art</u>

Database management systems are used to collect, store, disseminate, and analyze data. Large-scale, integrated database management systems provide an efficient, consistent, and secure data warehouse capability for storing, retrieving, and analyzing vast amounts of data. This ability to collect, analyze, and manage massive amounts of information has become a virtual necessity in business today.

The information stored by these data warehouses can come from a variety of sources. One important data warehouse application involves the collection and analysis of information collected in the course of transactions between businesses and consumers. For example, when an individual uses a debit or credit card to access an automated teller machine (ATM) or purchase an item at a retail store, the identity of the customer, the transaction, and other related information are collected. Traditionally, this information is used only to determine if the transaction should be completed, and rarely for other purposes.

However, such data could also be used to identify demographic information concerning the customers and cross-sell other services and products. Unfortunately, the infrastructure of SSM networks does not support such uses of the information. Thus, there is a need in the art for mechanisms that allow for the exploitation of this information.

Summary of the Invention

To overcome the limitations in the prior art described above, and to overcome other limitations that will become apparent upon reading and understanding the present

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specification, the present invention discloses a network of interconnected self-service machines (SSMs), wherein each of the SSMs executes a relational database management system (RDBMS) that maintains a relational database stored on the SSM. The relational databases are partitions of a global relational database and each partition stores information for only those customers that frequent the SSM that executes the RDBMS. The relational databases are used to more effectively serve the customer at the SSM and to market products and services to the customer at the SSM.

Brief Description of the Drawings

Referring now to the drawings in which like reference numbers represent corresponding parts throughout:

- FIG. 1 illustrates an exemplary hardware environment that could be used to implement the preferred embodiment of the present invention;
 - FIG. 2 further illustrates the exemplary hardware environment of FIG. 1;
- FIG. 3 illustrates the logic performed by the data warehouse system according to the preferred embodiment of the present invention; and
- FIG. 4 illustrates the logic performed by the self-service machines according to the preferred embodiment of the present invention.

Detailed Description of the Preferred Embodiment

In the following description of the preferred embodiment, reference is made to the accompanying drawings which form a part hereof, and in which is shown by way of illustration a specific embodiment in which the invention may be practiced. It is to be understood that other embodiments may be utilized and structural changes may be made without departing from the scope of the present invention.

System Description

FIG. 1 illustrates an exemplary hardware environment that could be used to implement the preferred embodiment of the present invention. In the exemplary environment, a network 100 interconnects a plurality of self-service machines (SSMs) 102,

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wherein the SSMs 102 may comprise automated teller machines (ATMs), computer-based retail kiosks, computer-based product vending machines, and the like. The network 100 also connects the SSMs 102 with one or more transaction processing systems 104 to process transactions, such as informational, retail, commercial, banking, financial or other transactions. One or more data warehouse systems 106 are also connected to the network 100 for communication with both the SSMs 102 or transaction processing systems 104, wherein the data warehouse system 106 collects, stores, analyzes, and disseminates information collected in the course of financial or commercial transactions between the SSMs 102 and the transaction processing system 104.

FIG. 2 further illustrates the exemplary hardware environment of FIG. 1. In this illustration, each the SSMs 102 are shown to comprise one or more processors 200 coupled to one or more fixed and/or removable data storage units (DSUs) 202, such as disk drives, that store data and programming. Each of the SSMs 102 operate under the control of an operating system (OS) 204 and executes a relational database management system (RDBMS) 206 that maintains a relational database 208 stored on the DSUs 202.

SSMs 102 may be operated in large networks. For example, large financial institutions may have between 2,000 and 8,000 ATMs. These financial institutions also are beginning to build centralized data warehouse systems 106 in order to collect information about their customers and to use that information to increase propensity, profitability and customer satisfaction.

However, using a centralized data warehouse system 106 to provide information-rich customer interaction at SSMs 102 is currently prohibitive, since it would likely lengthen the amount of time involved in the SSM 102 transaction. For example, when using an SSM 102, a customer inserts their card into the SSM 102, their pin is validated locally within the SSM 102, a limited menu selection allows the customer to create the transaction request, and then the transaction request is transmitted to the transaction processing system 104 for authorization.

This idle time is ideal for cross-selling opportunities. If this idle time is only slightly increased to retrieve and display information for the customer, no harm is done.

Unfortunately, if the idle time is substantially increased, or perceived to be increased, substantial harm may be done to the relationship with the customer.

Generally, the customer just wants to complete their transactions and leave. They are often unwilling to wait to absorb a cross-selling message after the transaction completes. Moreover, if the customer is forced to remain at the SSM 102 to receive the cross-selling message, the overall transaction time rises, the SSM 102 queue gets longer, and customer service is perceived to suffer.

The majority of SSM 102 customers are creatures of habit and interact with a small number of SSMs 102 at a small number of predictable locations for the majority of their transactions (this is especially true with ATMs, for example). As indicated in FIG. 2, many SSMs 102 comprise sophisticated computer systems; indeed, most will be based on sophisticated operating systems 204, such as WINDOWS NTTM, within the next few years. As a result, more sophisticated customer-specific programming can be located at the SSMs 102 themselves rather than rely on access to the centralized data warehouse system 106 with its incumbent delays.

The preferred embodiment of the present invention essentially transforms the SSMs 102 into sophisticated platforms for RDBMS 206 applications that structure information, transactions, services, product offerings and the like based on the customer information maintained by the RDBMS 206. Moreover, the network 100 of interconnected SSMs 102 can be considered a massively parallel processor (MPP) computer system that operates parallelized RDBMS's 206. The basic intent of the present invention is to view the individual relational databases 208 as subsets or partitions of a global relational database, and each of the individual RDBMS's 206 as comprising part of a global RDBMS.

In the preferred embodiment of the present invention, the OS 204 comprises the WINDOWS NTTM product offered by Microsoft Corporation, although other OS's could be used as well. Moreover, in the preferred embodiment of the present invention, the RDBMS 206 software comprises the Teradata® product offered by NCR Corporation, which is designed specifically for operation on MPP computer systems, although other RDBMS's could be used as well.

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The global relational database is divided among the SSMs 102 by storing customer-specific information at specific SSMs 102. Thus, each DSU 202 stores a subset of the global relational database and operations can be performed either locally or globally. In the preferred embodiment, the subset includes information on those customers that frequent the particular SSM 102.

Because the information is stored locally on the SSM 102, the SSM 102 is capable of using information about the customer, at the point of interaction, to more effectively serve the customer, to provide personalized service, as well as to market products and services to the customer. Moreover, because the RDBMS 206 is a standard software product, it is available to other SSMs 102 or other systems on the network 100.

It is one goal of the present invention to parallelize functions across the SSMs 102. For example, queries or other operations can be divided into smaller sub-queries, each of which can be assigned to an SSM 102 based on the specific information stored on the SSMs 102. Alternatively, specific operations on particular information can be directed to an SSM 102 storing the particular information.

In essence, the present invention decentralizes the centralized data warehouse system 106 to the network 100 of SSMs 102. Note that the network 100 of SSMs 102 may or may not be considered the primary data warehouse system; it may be just a duplicate or back-up of the data warehouse system 106. Moreover, the SSMs 102 and the centralized data warehouse system 106 could be synchronized at night or during other low usage periods. Further, the SSMs 102 may synchronize or move data among each other as required.

The SSMs 102 may also capture detailed data about the customer's interaction (screens viewed, information presented, dwell time, and transaction information, if any) for use both locally and globally. This detailed data could be uploaded to populate the centralized data warehouse system 106 or copied to another SSM 102.

Based on customer usage patterns as determined by the data warehouse system 106, data may be stored on multiple SSMs 102 or moved among SSMs 102 as required.

Generally, customer usage patterns are fairly constant, and thus only a minimal amount of data is moved at any time.

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Such a system ties together the SSMs 102 and the centralized data warehouse system 106 in interesting and powerful ways. It demonstrates the leverage and utilization that can be applied to a generally underutilized SSM 102 infrastructure. Moreover, it provides a foundation for more sophisticated applications.

Logic of the Data Warehouse System

FIG. 3 illustrates the logic performed by the data warehouse system 106 according to the preferred embodiment of the present invention.

Block 300 represents the data warehouse system 106 collecting information from the SSMs 102 and/or the transaction processing systems 104 in the course of financial or commercial transactions between the SSMs 102 and the transaction processing systems 104.

Block 302 represents the data warehouse system 106 analyzing the collected information to identify the locations at which specific customers interact with the SSMs 102.

Block 304 represents the data warehouse system 106 downloading customer-specific information to the identified SSMs 102. This step may also include downloading customer-specific information retrieved from the transaction processing system 104.

Logic of the Automated Teller Machine

FIG. 4 illustrates the logic performed by the SSMs 102 according to the preferred embodiment of the present invention.

Block 400 represents the SSM 102 retrieving customer-specific information from the relational database 208 stored on the SSMs 102. This information can be retrieved at any time after the customer is identified by the SSM 102. Alternatively, this step my require the retrieval of customer-specific information from the transaction processing system 104, the data warehouse system 106, or one or more of the other SSMs 102, especially if the SSM 102 is not one frequented by the customer. The customer-specific information is used to more effectively serve the customer, to provide personalized service, as well as market products and services to the customer.

Block 402 represents the SSM 102 generating a customer-specific display on the SSM 102. This step may be performed before or after any customer interaction (after the customer has been identified, of course). This step may also be performed during any idle

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time while the customer is waiting for completion of a transaction or information request. The goal is not to increase the amount of time it takes for the transaction to complete.

Block 404 represents the SSM 102 processing a customer transaction or request. For example, this step may include accepting a request for information, services, or products from the customer into the SSM 102, validating the transaction (either locally or remotely via the transaction processing system 104), presenting additional menu selections, and then communicating with the transaction processing system 104 to complete the transaction.

Conclusion

This concludes the description of the preferred embodiment of the invention. The following describes an alternative embodiment for accomplishing the same invention. In one alternative embodiment, any type of computer or network could be used to implement the present invention. In addition, any database management system could benefit from the present invention.

In summary, the present invention discloses a network of interconnected automated teller machines (SSMs), wherein each of the SSMs executes a relational database management system (RDBMS) that maintains a relational database stored on the SSM. The relational databases are partitions of a global relational database and each partition stores information for only those customers that frequent the SSM that executes the RDBMS. The relational databases are used to more effectively serve the customer at the SSM and to market products and services to the customer at the SSM.

The foregoing description of the preferred embodiment of the invention has been presented for the purposes of illustration and description. It is not intended to be exhaustive or to limit the invention to the precise form disclosed. Many modifications and variations are possible in light of the above teaching. It is intended that the scope of the invention be limited not by this detailed description, but rather by the claims appended hereto.

What is Claimed is:

- 1. A network interconnecting a plurality of self-service machines (SSMs), wherein each of the SSMs executes a relational database management system (RDBMS) that maintains a relational database stored on the SSM.
- 2. The network of claim 1, wherein each of the relational databases stores information for only those customers that frequent the SSM.
- 3. The network of claim 2, wherein the SSM further comprises means for using the information stored in the relational database to more effectively serve the customer at the SSM.
- 4. The network of claim 2, wherein the SSM further comprises means for using the information stored in the relational database to market products and services to the customer at the SSM.
- 5. The network of claim 2, wherein operations for the relational database are directed to the SSMs based on the information stored in the relational database on the SSMs.
- 6. The network of claim 2, further comprising means for storing the information in relational databases on a plurality of the SSMs.
- 7. The network of claim 2, further comprising means for moving the information stored in the relational database among the SSMs.
- 8. The network of claim 1, wherein each of the relational databases is a partition of a global relational database, wherein the global relational database is comprised of a plurality of the relational databases stored on a plurality of the SSMs.

- 9. The network of claim 1, wherein each of the relational databases stores information on only those customers that frequent the SSM that executes the RDBMS.
- 10. The network of claim 1, further comprising one or more transaction processing systems coupled to the network for processing transactions from the SSMs.
- 11. The network of claim 1, further comprising one or more data warehouse systems coupled to the network for storing information collected in the course of transactions involving the SSMs.
- 12. The network of claim 11, further comprising means for synchronizing the storage of information between the SSMs and the data warehouse system.
- 13. The network of claim 11, further comprising means for synchronizing the storage of information among the SSMs.
- 14. The network of claim 11, further comprising means for uploading information from the SSMs to the data warehouse system.
- 15. The network of claim 11, further comprising means for downloading information from the data warehouse system to the SSMs.
- 16. The network of claim 11, wherein the SSMs store a duplicate of the information stored on the data warehouse system.
- 17. The network of claim 11, wherein each of SSMs captures detailed data about the customer's interaction for use both locally at the SSMs and globally at the data warehouse system.

- 18. The network of claim 17, wherein the detailed data about the customer's interaction is stored for future use.
- 19. The network of claim 11, wherein the detailed data is uploaded to populate the data warehouse system.
- 20. The network of claim 11, wherein the customer-specific information is stored on the SSMs according to customer usage patterns as determined by the data warehouse system.
- 21. A method of processing information in a network interconnecting a plurality of self-service machines (SSMs), comprising:

executing a relational database management system (RDBMS) on each of the SSMs, wherein the RDBMS maintains a relational database stored on the SSM and each of the relational databases stores information for only those customers that frequent the SSM that executes the RDBMS;

using the information stored in the relational database to more effectively serve the customer at the SSM.

- 22. The method of claim 21, wherein the using step comprises using the information stored in the relational database to market products and services to the customer at the SSM.
- 23. The method of claim 21, wherein each of the relational databases is a partition of a global relational database and the global relational database is comprised of a plurality of the relational databases stored on a plurality of the SSMs.

- 24. The method of claim 21, further comprising processing financial transactions from the SSMs at one or more transaction processing systems coupled to the network.
- 25. The method of claim 21, further comprising storing information collected in the course of transactions involving the SSMs at one or more data warehouse systems coupled to the network.
- 26. The method of claim 25, further comprising synchronizing the storage of information between the SSMs and the data warehouse system.
- 27. The method of claim 25, further comprising synchronizing the storage of information among the SSMs.
- 28. The method of claim 25, further comprising uploading information from the SSMs to the data warehouse system.
- 29. The method of claim 25, further comprising downloading information from the data warehouse system to the SSMs.
- 30. The method of claim 25, wherein the SSMs store a duplicate of the information stored on the data warehouse system.
- 31. The method of claim 25, wherein each of SSMs captures detailed data about the customer's interaction for use both locally at the SSMs and globally at the data warehouse system.
- 32. The network of claim 31, wherein the detailed data about the customer's interaction is stored for future use.

- 33. The method of claim 25, wherein the detailed data is uploaded to populate the data warehouse system.
- 34. The method of claim 25, wherein the customer-specific information is stored on the SSMs according to customer usage patterns as determined by the data warehouse system.
- 35. A relational database management system (RDBMS) executed by a plurality of self-service machines (SSMs) interconnected by a network, wherein each of the SSMs stores a relational database, and each of the relational databases stores information for only those customers that frequent the SSM.

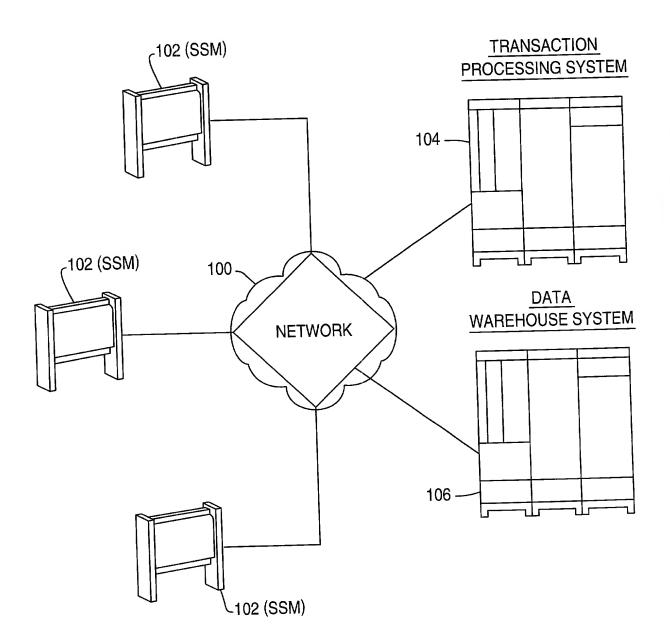
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<u>DATA WAREHOUSE APPLICATIONS FOR</u> <u>NETWORKS OF SELF-SERVICE MACHINES</u>

Abstract of the Disclosure

A network of interconnected self-service machines (SSMs), wherein each of the SSMs executes a relational database management system (RDBMS) that maintains a relational database stored on the SSM. The relational databases are partitions of a global relational database and each partition stores information for only those customers that frequent the SSM that executes the RDBMS. The relational databases are used to more effectively serve the customer at the SSM and to market products and services to the customer at the SSM.

FIG. 1



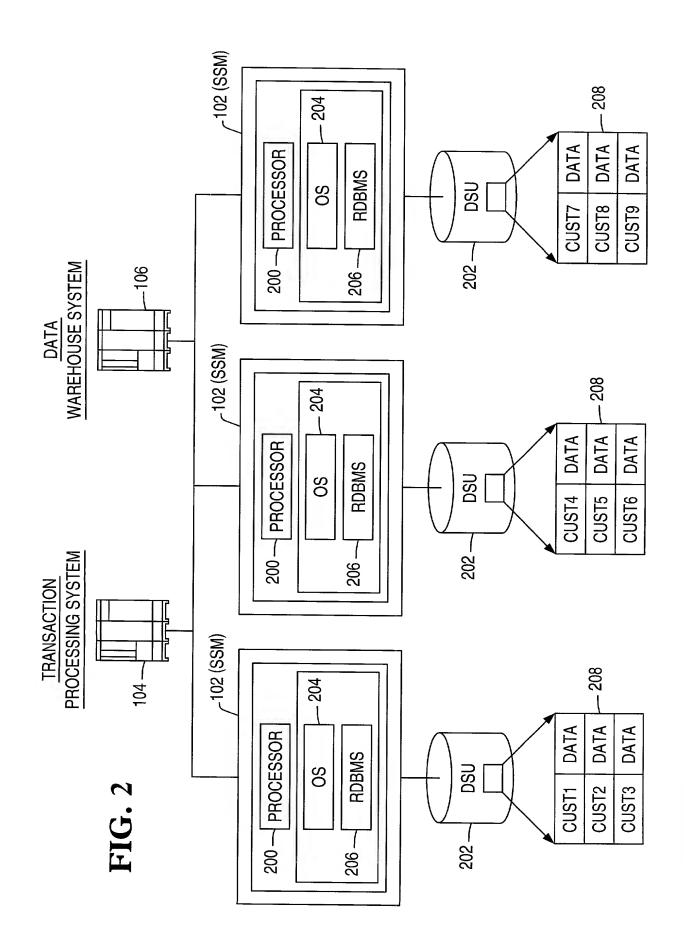


FIG. 3

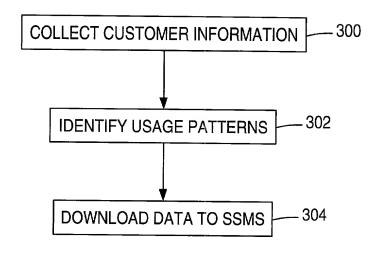
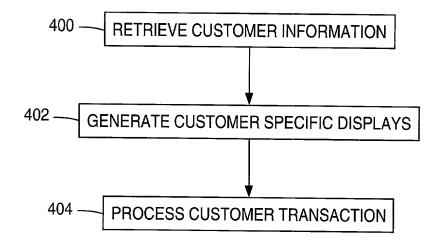


FIG. 4



United States Patent Application

COMBINED DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY

As a below named inventor I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name.

I verily believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or a joint inventor (if plural inventors are named below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled:

DATA WAREHOUSE APPLICATIONS FOR NETWORKS OF SELF-SERVICE MACHINES

and ident	tified by NCR (Corporation Docket No.	8378.00, the specification	on of which:		
a. 🛛	is attached hereto					
b. [Application 1	as United Number nich I have reviewed and	and was amended	on (if		
I hereby specifica	state that I tion, including	have reviewed and un the claims, as amended l	derstand the contents by any amendment refer	of the above-identified red to above.		
I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to the patentability of this application in accordance with Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, § 1.56(a).						
I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, § 119(a)-(d) or 365(b) of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate or 365(a) of any PCT international application which designated at least one country other than the United States of America, listed below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate or any PCT application having a filing date before that of the application on the basis of which priority is claimed:						
FOREIGN APPLICATION(S), IF ANY, CLAIMING PRIORITY UNDER 35 USC § 119						
33	OUNTRY	APPLICATION NUMBER	DATE OF FILING (day, month, year)	DATE OF ISSUE (day, month, year)		
G	reat Britain	9901005.0	January 19, 1999	N/A		
OTHER	OTHER FOREIGN APPLICATION(S), IF ANY, FILED BEFORE THE PRIORITY APPLICATION(S)					
	OUNTRY	APPLICATION NUMBER	DATE OF FILING (day, month, year)	DATE OF ISSUE (day, month, year)		
1		None				

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, § 120 of any United States application(s), or 365(c) of any PCT international application(s) designating the United States of America, listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States or PCT international application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code, § 112, I acknowledge the duty to

disclose material information as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, § 1.56(a) which occurred between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:

U.S. PARENT APPLICATION OR PCT PARENT NUMBER	DATE OF FILING (day, month, year)	STATUS (patented, pending, abandoned)
None		

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code § 119(e) of any United States provisional application(s) listed below:

U.S. PROVISIONAL APPLICATION NUMBER	DATE OF FILING (Day, Month, Year)
None	

And I hereby appoint: Michael Chan of Dayton, Ohio, Registration No. 33,663,

<u>Douglas S. Foote</u> of Dayton, Ohio, Registration No. <u>31,013</u>, <u>Paul W. Martin</u> of Dayton, Ohio, Registration No. <u>34,870</u>, <u>James M. Stover</u> of Dayton, Ohio, Registration No. <u>32,759</u>, and <u>Charlene Stukenborg</u> of Dayton, Ohio, Registration No. <u>40,832</u>.

my attorneys with full power of substitution and revocation, to prosecute this application and to transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith. I hereby expressly waive my right to revoke the Power of Attorney granted above. Address all telephone calls to Michael Chan at telephone number 937-445-4956.

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I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

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Citizenship United States of America		
Post Office Address Same as above		